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will.

MEXICO DIRECTORY.

DOBSON & WINCHESTER,
Dobson, also over Peck's store, Main Street.
JOHN C. TAYLOR,
Drapier, No. 2, Webb Block, Main Street.
TORONTO MILLS—STATE MILLS,
C. THOMAS, Proprietor, Main Street.
HOMER AMES,
Book and Bindery, Mill Street.
L. H. CONKLIN,
Banker and Notary Public, Main Street.
RAILROAD MILLS,
L. BOWERS, Proprietor, Mill Street.
DR. A. L. WEST,
Medical Electrician, Office and dwelling Church Street.
HOMER BALLARD,
Underwriter, and dealer in Furniture, &c., Main Street.
J. D. HARTSON,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Office over Stone, Robinson & Co's Store, Main St.
STONE, ROBINSON & CO.,
Dealers in Dry Goods, Gents' Furnishing Goods and Ready-Made Clothing, Main Street.
BOOK STORE—L. L. VIRGIL,
Dealer in Books, Periodicals, Music, Wall Paper, Pictures, Frames, &c., Phoenix Block, Main St.
G. G. FRENCH,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Office over Stone, Robinson & Co's, Main St.
A. F. KELLOGG,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Over Stone, Robinson & Co's, Main Street.
GEO. W. BRADNER,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Office over Miller's Hardware Store, Main St.
L. D. SMITH,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Office Webb Block, Main Street.
E. RULISON,
Merchant Tailor, and dealer in Dry Goods, Furs, &c., Phoenix Block, Main Street.
E. H. WADSWORTH,
Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Earthenware, Boots and Shoes, Empire Block, Main St.
H. C. PECK,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c., Webb Block, Main St.
BECKER BROTHERS,
Merchants Tailors, and dealers in Dry Goods, Furs, &c., Becker Block, Main Street.
H. C. BEALS,
Photographer. Special attention paid to Copying, Jefferson Street.
SKINNER & WRIGHT,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Main Street.
B. S. STONE & CO.,
Dealer in Hardware, Stoves, Tin Ware, &c., Main Street.
E. L. HUNTINGTON,
Drug Store, Watches, Clocks and Silver Ware, Main Street.
A. PENFIELD & SON,
Carriage Manufactory, Corner of Main and Water Street.
BARD & ALFRED,
Life and Fire Insurance Agents, one door east of Empire Block, Main Street.
L. MILLER,
Carriage and Sleigh Manufactory, Near Academy, Main Street.
BALL & MOND,
Tailors, Clothiers and Hatters, Empire Block, Main Street.
GOIT & RICHARDSON,
Grocers, and dealers in Crockery, etc., Main Street.
W. BARKER,
Meat Market, under Goit and Richardson's, Main Street.
L. G. BALLARD,
Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Butter, Cheese, &c., corner of Main and Church Streets.
GEO. W. PRYNE,
Manufacturer of Harness, Trunks, Blankets, etc., Pryne Block, Main Street.
O. E. HEATON, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon, Office over Thomas' new Store. Special office day, Saturday afternoon of each week. Residence—Putnam St.
DR. GEO. P. JOHNSON,
Physician and Surgeon, Office on Main Street, over S. A. Tuller's Hardware Store, where he may be found, both day and night, when not on professional business.
HOOSE & CORB,
Dealers in Groceries and Crockery, Butter, Cheese, Eggs, &c. Agents for Singer's Sewing Machine, Becker Block, Main Street.
J. A. RICKARD,
Hardware, Stoves, Manufacturer of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware, Corner of Main and Jefferson Street.
S. L. ALEXANDER,
Boat and Shoe Store. Custom work done to order, and all work warranted. Pryne Block, Main Street.
CYRUS SNOW,
Manufacturer of Carriages, Wagons, Platform Spring Wagons, Cutters and Sleighs, Repairing of all kinds done on most reasonable terms. Opposite Foundry, Main St.
J. N. F. HALL,
Barber and Hair Dresser. Particular attention given to Shampooing, and the cutting of ladies' and children's hair. Shop at his house, on Main St., nearly opposite Empire Hotel.
CARDS, HANDBILLS, BILLHEADS, CIRCULARS,
And all kinds of Job Printing at the Mexico Independent office, Pryne Block, Main St.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance of an order of Timothy W. Skinner, Surrogate of Oswego County, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Asa Davis Evans, late of the town of Mexico, in said county, deceased, to present their accounts, with the vouchers thereof, to March Evans, his son, or his executors, on or before the 1st day of July, 1870, or they will lose the benefit of the statute in such case made and provided.—Dated Jan. 5, 1870.



VOLUME XIII.

Groceries,

Crockery, Glass Ware, Plated Ware,

And Cutlery

CASH PAID FOR Butter

AND

Eggs, BY Hoose & Cobb,

Boots

AND

Shoes.

The undersigned would intimate to the people of Mexico and vicinity, that he has received a

SPLENDID STOCK

OF

Boots and Shoes FOR SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR,

Second to none in Town for quality and style which he is disposing of at a

LOW Figure for Cash.

Custom Work done to order and in the best style of workmanship.

FALL WORK WARRANTED.

S. L. ALEXANDER.

Mexico, Nov. 6, 1872.

GEO. G. WHITAKER, M.D., Physician and Surgeon,

Physician to New Haven. Can be found at his old residence, ready to attend professional all day or night.

50-60

NEW FIRM!

Bews & Walton

Founders and Machinists,

And manufacturers of

Agricultural Implements,

and all kinds of Machinery. Also sole manufacturers of the

MONITOR HORSE POWER.

Mexico Iron Foundry, near the Academy.

Mexico, May 14, 1873. 28

COAL.

The following are the prices for coal:

GRATE, \$0.00

EGG, \$0.25

STOVE, \$0.50

CHESTNUT, \$0.25

CHARCOAL, (per bushel), \$0.25

Blacksmith Coal always on hand.

All coal must be paid for when delivered.

W. PENFIELD.

New arrival of Teas, splendid quality. Go and see it.

HOOSE & COBB'S.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance

of an order of Timothy W. Skinner, Surrogate of Oswego County, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Asa Davis Evans, late of the town of Mexico, in said county, deceased, to present their accounts, with the vouchers thereof, to March Evans, his son, or his executors, on or before the 1st day of July, 1870, or they will lose the benefit of the statute in such case made and provided.—Dated Jan. 5, 1870.

MARSHALL'S EXECUTR,

ASA L. SAMPLSON, Executor.

LADIES, TAKE NOTICE.—The under

said having to spend much of her time in Syracuse, ladies wishing to purchase articles at my store in Mexico, will please call on Mrs. Ely, at Mrs. Dr. Snell's, whom I have authorized to sell goods to

cost from now till the 1st of April next.

Any desiring to purchase an undivided half of my business in Mexico, or my entire stock, can do so at a bargain.

Mrs. E. J. SPENCER.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 21, 1874.

RESCUE MILLS.

Flour and Feed.

ROBERTSON & SLAWSON, Pro-

prietary.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., 37 Park Row, New York, 10 State Street, Boston, and 701 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, are Agents for the Mexico Independent in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our low-

est rates.

TEXAS INDEPENDENT.

And Deaf-Mutes' Journal.

Published every Thursday Morning by

JOSEPH HUMPHRIES,

Editor and Proprietor.

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MEXICO INDEPENDENT

MEXICO, THURSDAY, FEB. 19, 1874.

News of the Week.

Official dispatches to the Indian Bureau, confirm reports of outrages by the Sioux Indians, at the Red Cloud agency. The agent at the White Stone agency telegraphs via Fort Laramie, for better protection, which will be afforded.

James Gordon Bennett has given \$30,000 for establishing free soup rooms in the various engine and truck houses of the city. The fire commissioners have voted to carry out the suggestion at once.

The State Assembly, on Thursday, passed the bills repealing the act for the erection of a new City Prison and abolishing the Commission of Charities and Correction. The Assembly and Senate also adopted a concurrent resolution, nullifying the appointment of State commissioners to the Centennial.

On Thursday, General Sheridan wrote a letter to General Sherman saying the Indian difficulties could not be solved peaceably. General Sherman immediately instructed him to move on the Indians at once and punish them.

It is affirmed that Whitelaw Reid will soon lead Miss Ida Greeley to the hymenial altar.

Chief-justice Waite will take his seat on the re-assembling of the Supreme Court on the first Monday in March.

At a meeting in Boston, Friday, \$65,000 was raised toward the endowment of Cambridge Museum of Zoology as a memorial monument to Professor Agassiz.

The Postmaster-general, before the committee on appropriations, Friday, advocated the establishment of a special mail train, to be run at a high rate of speed, for transmitting mail matter only.

The Chicago Tribune says there never was so much money in the country west of that city as now.

The wife of James Anthony Froude died in London, on Saturday.

The first mortgage bondholders of the New York and Oswego Midland Railroad took strong ground against the scheme of reorganization.

The resolutions censuring Senator Sumner have been rescinded by both Houses of the Massachusetts Legislature.

The Episcopal Convention at Milwaukee adjourned without electing a bishop.

The woman's temperance movement is under headway in Brooklyn, and a committee was appointed Friday to implore the Legislature for an amendment to the excise law. The superintendent of the South Side Long Island railroad has been requested to issue an order refusing to receive as freight any intoxicating liquor.

Western druggists report fresh victories for the temperance crusaders. The last rum seller has succumbed at Washington Court House, Ohio, where the war commenced. At Athens, Ohio, the rummies made an unsuccessful effort to hold a meeting in a church Wednesday night.

An advance will be made in the saloons of Xenia soon. The agitation is spreading to this State and the ladies of Watkins, Schuyler Co., have called in a body on the hotels, druggists and saloon keepers and requested no further sale of fire water.

Zion's Herald has made the discovery that our Chief-justice is a lineal descendant of Thomas Wayne, one of the judges who signed the warrant for the execution of Charles I.

The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill reduces the estimates to the extent of three or four million dollars, and dispenses with several clerkships. It also makes an appropriation for a mint at New Orleans, and recommends appropriations to restore the amount lost by abrasion of gold coins, &c. It proposes to substitute annual for permanent appropriations.

The Czar of Russia, at a dinner given by him to royal visitors on Monday, said representatives of Germany, England, Austria and himself would maintain the peace of the world. The Prince of Wales and Emperor of Austria responded with similar sentiments.

In the German Reichstag, Monday, General von Moltke and Germany mustered to come into its newly acquired territory; its army must be for defense rather than conquest. A deputy from Alsace moved that a plebiscite be taken in Alsace and Lorraine on the question of nationality.

On Saturday, the ice in the Hudson at Troy broke up suddenly, and seven men narrowly escaped with their lives.

One man was killed and several others were seriously wounded, and much damage was done to property by an accident on the Lehigh and Susquehanna Railroad Monday.

The crusade against liquor dealers in New York has begun. One convert has already been made, and next Sunday plans will be arranged for carrying on the war extensively.

A new epidemic or contagious disease has broken out among the horses in New York and neighboring cities.

The autopsy of the Siamese twins indicates that cutting them apart would have caused death.

The British House of Commons now stands 348 conservatives and 300 liberals and home rulers. The journals generally approve the determination of the Gladstone government to resign. The Times says, only one member opposed the decision.

The Home Rulers in Ireland have returned 51 members to the British Parliament.

Thomas and Simon Sturtevant, and a maiden lady named Mary Buckley, were found murdered at their residence in Halifax, Mass., yesterday morning. No clue to the murderer.

Next Tuesday the ladies of Columbus, Ohio, headed by Dio Lewis, will inaugurate the temperance war in that city.

The New York State Council of Independent Granges was organized at Albany, Tuesday, on the platform of principles prepared by the preliminary executive committee. Another meeting will be held Thursday.

The report that Indians had attacked the settlers at Red Willow, Nebraska, is found to be untrue. Hostilities are not imminent in the vicinity of the Red Cloud and Spotted Tail agencies, Fort Laramie.

"FIVE MINUTES FOR REFRESHMENTS."—Everybody who has traveled by railroad has heard the above announcement, and has probably suffered from eating too hastily, thereby sowing the seed of dyspepsia. It is a comfort to know that the Peruvian Syrup will cure the worst cases of dyspepsia as thousands are ready to testify.

Platform of the National Grange.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 11.—The National Grange has promulgated a platform of principles, to develop higher manhood and womanhood, enhance the comforts and attractions of homes, strengthen attachment to agricultural pursuits, foster mutual understanding and co-operation, maintain inviolate the laws, reduce expenses, individual and co-operative, to buy less and produce more in order to make farms self-sustaining, to diversify crops and sow no more than can be cultivated, to condense the weight of exports, selling less in the bushel and more on the hoof and in the fleece, to discontinue the credit system, mortgage system, fashion system and every system tending to prodigality and bankruptcy, to buy and sell, and to act together for mutual protection, to avoid litigation as much as possible, by arbitration in granges; to suppress prejudices, unhealthy rivalry and selfish ambition; to dispense with the surplus of middlemen, to increase, in every practical way, all facilities for transporting cheaply to the seaboard or between home producers and consumers all productions of our country. They are not enemies of railroads, and in favor of navigable and irrigating canals, and are opposed to communism and agrarianism. They are not enemies of capital, but oppose the tyranny of monoplies, and long to see the antagonism between capital and labor removed; are opposed to excessive salaries, high rates of interest and exorbitant percentage profits in trade. They will advance the cause of education by all just means. They say the grange is not a political or party organization, that no grange can discuss political or religious questions, call a political convention, nominate candidates, nor even discuss their merits in meeting, but that it is the right of every member to do all in his power legitimately to influence for good the action of any political party, to put down bribery, corruption and trickery, and to see that none but competent, faithful and honest men are nominated for positions of trust. They also say we desire proper equality, equity and fairness; protection of the weak and restraint upon strong; justly distributed burdens and justly distributed power. They appeal to all good citizens for cooperation in efforts toward reform, until the last vestige of tyranny and corruption is removed. Relief of any of our oppressed and suffering brotherhood is an abiding principle. Last, but not least, they incite a proper appreciation of the abilities and proper sphere of woman as indicated by admitting her to membership and position in the order. A memorial to Patrons of Husbandry in the cotton States was unanimously adopted. It is an argument in favor of mixed husbandry in the South, instead of expending the energies of the people in raising a single crop.

Initial Paper 20 cents per box
16-2 VIRGINIA.

Hack! Hack! Cough, Cough!

Cough is a symptom by which various diseased conditions of the throat, bronchial tubes and lungs manifest themselves. But whether it arises from the irritation produced in the throat and larynx by taking cold, from an attack of bronchitis, from incipient Consumption, or from various other causes, nothing will allay it more speedily nor cure it more permanently than Dr. Price's Golden Medical Discovery.

It does not matter whether it is a recent attack, or a lingering cough, the Discovery is in either case equally well adapted for its relief and permanent cure. In fact, it will cure a cough in one-half the time necessary to cure it with any other medicine, and it does it, not by drying it up, but by removing the cause, subduing the irritation and healing the affected parts. No time should be lost in commencing the use of a proper medicine for the relief of a cough, for unless this course is pursued, serious and dangerous disease of the lungs is liable to result.

DOCTORS SOON LEARN ITS VALUE.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 13, 1870.

DR. PRICE.—For the past six months I have used your Golden Medical Discovery in my practice, and in that time I have seen two acute and chronic, in chronic diseases of the throat, severe cases of bronchitis, general derangement of the system, constipated condition of the bowels and whenever a thorough alternative has been indicated. In all cases I have found it to act gently yet thoroughly and effectively in removing the various diseased conditions, and bringing about a healthy adjustment throughout the system.

You're fraternally,
H. L. HALL, M. D.

MARRIED:

At North Volney, N. Y., Feb. 4, 1874, by F. W. Squires, Esq., Mr. William H. Drake to Miss Clarissa E. Clark, all of the town of Volney.

DIED:

At New Haven, Feb. 15, Hon. A. W. Sevene, of consumption, aged 55.

At New Haven, Friday, Feb. 13th, Mr. Jesse Halliday, in the 77th year of his age.

Mr. H. has been an invalid for many years.

In Parish, Jan. 12, of consumption, Ann P. Coan, daughter of Sylvanus H. and Catherine Coan, in the 23rd year of her age.

In Parish, at the house of his father-in-law, S. H. Coan, Jan. 23d, Tyler S. Brown, of Cassville, Oshkosh Co., after a severe illness of one week, from lung fever, in the 25th year of his age.

DR. MILNE.

To correct the wrong impression of some of my friends, that I had permanently left Oswego, I will state that I am only spending the winter at the house of my parents, and of school, in the town of Hastings, in the county of Seneca, late of the town of Hastings, in the county, deceased, to present their accounts, with the agent, to the undesignated, with the house of Dr. Collier, M. D., of Oswego, County, N. Y., or before the 10th day of August, 1874, or will lose the benefit of the statute in such case made and provided.—Dated Mexico, Jan. 23, 1874.

R. A. BURKE

Having just replenished his store with a splendid assortment of

MEXICO MARKETS.

The following are the fees paid for farmers products. In this market 1 lb. flour, (retail) \$1.25, red \$0.25, white \$0.25 Meal, 1 lb. cwt. (retail) 1 lb. Corn, 75 @ .25 Oats, 50 @ .25 Butter, 30 @ .25 Loose Butter, 20 Cheese, 11 @ .14 Lard, 10 @ .14 Eggs, 12 @ .14 Beef, 10 @ .14 Beef, 1 lb. (retail) 50 @ .25 Beef, 1 lb. (retail) 50 @ .25 Pork, 1 lb. barrel, 17 @ .18 Pork, 1 lb. barrel, 17 @ .18 Apples, (dried) 1 lb. Ham, 10 @ .12 Dressed Poultry, 1 lb. 8 @ .10 Potatoes, 1 lb. 40 @ .10

Housekeepers Take Notice.

Oswego Flour, Winter, \$2.20, Spring, \$1.95. Kerosene oil, 15 cts per gallon. Tea, 12 cts per lb. Pork, (retail), from 9 to 10 cts. Ham, 12 cts. Shoulders, 9 cts. Lard, 10 to 14 cts. Salt, \$1.80 per lb.

* The poor can have cheaper.

W. O. JOHNSON,
Washington St., Mexico.

THE GRAND CLOSING OUT SALE OF WINTER GOODS AT

N. Peters Bro. & Sons,

Will commence on

MONDAY, DEC. 29th,

And continue until

MARCH 1ST, 1874.

One Hundred Thousand Dollars Worth of

Winter Goods
Consisting of

Silks, Black and Colored, Lyons Silk Velvets, Paisley Shawls, Woolen Shawls, Fancy Shawls, All Wool Dress Goods, Alpacas, Black and Colored, Serges, real and imitation, Fancy Dress Goods, Millinery Goods, Woolen Blankets, Beaver Cloakings, Cloth and Casimères, Ready Made Clothing, Black and Colored Waterproof, Gents Underwear, Ladies Merino Underwear, Hosiery and Knit Goods, Ladies' Furnishing Goods, Fancy Goods, &c., &c.,

Will be

Marked Down

—FROM—

25 to 50 per cent,

to close out the stock prior to our annual inventory.

We Mean to have the Cash.

for these goods before that time if we

Do it at a sacrifice,

We Shall Sell

Best Calicoes, at nine cents per yard. Good Yard wide Brown Sheeting at eight cents.

Best 4-4 fine and heavy Brown Sheet, at 11 1/2 cts.

Best Colored Alpacas at three shillings per yard—hitherto four shillings.

Fin Colored Alpacas at 25 cents—hitherto three shillings.

Black Alpacas of every grade at simi-

lar reductions.

Fancy Dress Goods at 25 cts.,

—hitherto three shillings.

Fancy Dress Goods at one shilling—

hitherto 25 cents.

Black Waterproofs at 80 cents,—hitherto one dollar.

Black Waterproofs at one dollar—

hitherto two shillings.

And all the other Good mentioned above

at an honest reduction of

25 per cent.

Every family which has need of a dollar's worth of Dry Goods, will save money by examining our stock.

A Large Shed-Free,

for the use of country teams, has just

been completed, and feed will be furished if required.

OUR PRICES

For the next sixty days

shall be our best advertisement. This is

an honest and truthful notice.

All work warranted to please.

Give me a call.

L. ROBBINS.

Mexico, Feb. 4, 1875. 14

WANTED.—Five hundred cords of Wood in exchange for Extension Tables, Couches, Bureau and Bureaux Wash-

stands. All goods warranted.

Send for Sample Camps and Circulars giving full particulars.

They speak for themselves and sell on sight.

Address,

AMERICAN SAFETY LAMP CO.,

No. 240 Pearl Street, New York

OVER SEVENTY-FIVE MILLIONS OF GLASS LAMP CHIMNEYS are broken in this country every year.

Price of Hand Camps, complete, with Mica Cover and one dollar. Price Bronze Parlor Camp and Stand, \$12.50. Send to part of

the United States by express on receipt of money by mail. 1000 Agents wanted to sell these Lamps and Mica Chimneys in every city and town. The lamps are durable and inexpensive; this is the universal complaint.

Read the testimony of the Supreme Court.

Read the testimony of Chief Justice George W. Woodward; I find "Hoofdlands German Bitter" is a good tonic, useful in the diseases of the digestive system, and of great benefit in cases of debility and want of nervous action in the system. Hon. Chief Justice James Thompson : I consider "Hoofdlands German Bitter" the best medicine in case of attacks of indigestion or dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience in the U.S. Hoofdlands German Bitter" is a good tonic, relieving dyspe

HOME AND COUNTY.

Death-Mate Service and a Surprise.

We regret to announce the death of our friend and neighbor, Hon. Avery W. Severance, who died at his residence in New Haven on the evening of February 15th, 1874.

He was born February 23d, in the year 1819, near the place where he died, and at his decease, consequently, was nearly fifty-five years of age. For nearly a half century he has been accustomed to walk these streets and mingle with our population, socially, and in business relations. And never has malice or suspicion whispered aught against his integrity. He was emphatically an honest man, and the vacuum made by his loss cannot be filled by another.

Possessing rare intelligence, capacity and knowledge of business, he was accustomed for many years to be the arbitrator to adjust differences, the counselor to advise in trouble, and the trustee for the orphan and widow in all cases within the circuit of his acquaintance.

During nearly his entire business life he was entrusted with offices of trust to provide for the material and educational interests of his native town of New Haven, either as its Supervisor or in some other capacity. During many years he was a prominent member of the Oswego County Board of Supervisors, and frequently its Chairman. And in all positions his judgment was accepted and respected as superior to that of others, and his honesty was beyond suspicion.

While a member of the Legislature of the State of New York, he was faithful to every duty, and occupied in all matters an influential position.

In public and private life he was modest and unassuming in his manner, courteous and gentlemanly in his demeanor, sympathetic and benevolent to the distressed, and warmly attached to his friends.

He was firm and unflinching in the discharge of his duty; energetic and indignant against all appearance of chicanery or fraud. Himself honest, he could endure no deception in another.

In his death his family have lost a kind and tender husband, a loving and indulgent father, and the entire county one of its most prominent, faithful and honored citizens whose history is inseparably connected with every prominent event in the history of Oswego County during the last quarter of a century, and whose memory will be cherished and respected over a larger extent, and by a greater proportion of the population of this county, than that of any who survive him.

He retained all his faculties of mind until the last, talked freely of his approaching death, expressed his readiness to depart and his abiding faith in Christ as his hope of salvation.

We trust his spirit is now at rest in peace with his Heavenly Father. May we invite his virtues, and may we as peacefully pass into eternity.

His funeral took place at his late residence yesterday (Wednesday), and was very largely attended not only by citizens of New Haven, but by numbers from Mexico, Oswego and other places. Rev. Jas. P. Stratton, of this village, delivered a very appropriate and impressive discourse, in which he analyzed the character of the deceased, paid a beautiful yet truthful tribute to his many noble qualities, and gave sweet words of sympathy and consolation to the stricken ones. After which the remains were taken to the New Haven cemetery.

Before interment, large numbers gathered around the coffin to take one more look at him whom they had so greatly esteemed and loved, many a check was wet with tears, and all felt that they had lost a kind neighbor and a true friend.

Honors to Auditor Dayton.

In his official career as Auditor of the Canal Department, Dr. Dayton has shown himself wise, efficient and upright, and we are glad to find his course is approved.

At a meeting of the New York Produce Exchange, held on Thursday, the following preamble and resolution were unanimously adopted :

Whereas, The Hon. G. A. Dayton, Auditor of the Canal Department of the State of New York, has proved himself to be thoroughly competent and faithful in the performance of the duties of his office; and

Whereas, The New York Produce Exchange believes that the time has arrived when mere political considerations should not prevail in the management of the canals of this State, but that the sole endeavor should be to have these important interests wisely, economically and honestly administered; therefore,

Resolved, That, appreciating the high character of Hon. G. A. Dayton, for probity and ability, and recognizing the valuable services he has rendered to the State as Auditor of the Canal Department, and also to the mercantile community, by communicating prompt and reliable information relative to the condition of the canals, this Exchange most heartily recommends him for continuance in said office.

Real Estate Sales.

Jacob Andrew Filsinger to Conrad Abend, deed conveys 63 acres in West Monroe. Consideration \$100. Deed dated January, 1874.

C. D. Walkup to Samuel Goodwin, 25-100 acres in West Monroe, \$172.50. January, 1873.

James Shire to Samuel Goodwin, 5 acres in West Monroe, \$200. January, 1873.

A. A. Davey to Henry Davey, farm in Parish, \$800. February, 1874.

Garet Ward to Thomas Carter 5 acres in Palermo, \$350. September, 1873.

George Potter to Elvin G. Potter, 6 acres in Albion, \$180. December, 1873.

Elon G. Bumpus to Nelson A. Minkler 34 acres in Richland, \$2,262.70. April, 1866.

Bradley Higgins to Nelson A. Minkler, 11 acres in Richland, \$400. April, 1854.

Peter Mongan to Amanda Stacy and Henry Stacy, Jr., farm in New Haven, \$6,225. January, 1874.

Amanda Stacy to Peter Morgan, 50-700 acres in New Haven, \$3,005. January, 1874.

Ellen H. Pruyne to Solomon L. Alexander, lot in Mexico, \$1,800. February, 1874.

Lewis Smith to Lewis Bly, 40 acres in Hastings, \$500. March, 1868.

Betsy L. Harrington to Lewis Bly, 3 acres in Hastings, \$90. Oct., 1867.

John E. Bentley to Spencer Bentley, 50 acres in Richland, \$1,900. April, 1873.

Mr. EDITOR.—In the Independent of Jan. 29th, 1874, I find an item in reference to Hon. Alvin Bronson, of Oswego, saying that he was 90 years old, and was State Senator in 1821. Some of that was wrong, besides, it was a great deal too little to leave it in that way. I will therefore say that Mr. B. came to the present city of Oswego in 1810, when there were only about 300 inhabitants. In 1814, during the War of 1812, he was one of the prominent citizens who were taken prisoners by the British, and kept awhile until duly discharged. He served as State Senator under the 22d Constitution, six years, to wit, in 1823 '24, '30, '31, '32, and '33. He was Supervisor of the town of Oswego in 1822 '23 and '24; the west side of the river belonging to that town previous to 1848.

Oswego was incorporated a village in 1828, and Mr. Bronson was elected the first President.

In 1829 and '30 Mr. Bronson and Theophilus S. Morgan built the first flouring mill in Oswego.

A great deal might be said of Mr. Bronson, as he has been closely identified with the interests of Oswego from its infancy to the present time.

It was a very intelligent old gentleman for one of his age, being ninety years and six months or so old, and we would like very much to see him among us for many years to come. F. W. S.

North Volney, Feb. 14, 1874.

Letter from Rev. Geo. H. Watson.

ROME, N. Y., Feb. 16, 1874.
EDITOR INDEPENDENT.—Dear Sir: It has occurred to me that through the columns of your paper I can reach (with a single letter) a number of Mexico friends who, possibly, may wish to know of my whereabouts and welfare. Therefore I take the liberty of penning these few lines for publication.

At the time of resigning my Parish at Mexico, it was my firm intention to start at once for the West—in company with the Rev. Mr. Burr, of Auburn—for the purpose of establishing an Associate Mission at Fremont, Nebraska. But man proposes, God disposes." Our plans were thwarted by the Autumn Panic, the Bishop of Nebraska found himself unable to support the Mission, and after consultation, we reluctantly parted company; Mr. Burr returning to his Indian work in Dakota, while your correspondent remained in the East.

If a man has a pocket full of money, he may go to the city stores; but if he has no money, and yet wishes to carry home something valuable, he should go to the High School Library. An hour's reading there is as cheap as an hour's loafing. It is a walk from the depots of a minute and three ticks. You enter boldly. You have a right there. You have a fair complexion and wear broadcloth, i. e., you are what the regulations call "a stranger of proper appearance and deportment." A lady librarian sits at the desk. She directs you to the reading room. There are the late magazines, neatly kept. You examine the catalogue, a bound volume, neither small nor empty. A man can get rich here, and welcome. You find at last the book you want, and tell the librarian. She gives permission to read, but not to take away.

Mr. Walter Edick was also injured while at work on the same day.

On Wednesday, Mr. Benjamin Perington was severely bruised and hurt while working in the woods. Dr. Green was sent for, and by skillful treatment and close attention it is hoped he will recover.

He is now improving.

Mr. Walter Edick was also injured while at work on the same day.

H. D. Nutting has been quite sick the past week, so much so that he has been confined to his room. To-day he appears to be better.

Last Sunday we had the pleasure of listening to an eloquent funeral discourse by Rev. J. P. Stratton, of Mexico, at the French Lutheran church, in the town of Mexico, on the death of Mr. Peter Turol. The subject was mortality and immortality. Mr. Stratton depicted in glowing colors man's mortality, showing that for 6000 years death has been the common lot of all. He averred that death was only a physical one, but the mind lived on and never dies. He urged upon his hearers the propriety of seeing that the life of the soul beyond man's mortality should be a life of joy and peace. A Christian life here, he said, would make a happy life hereafter. After hearing Mr. Stratton we readily came to a conclusion which the boys of Mexico might covet. A young lady is reading "Scribner's." You have no right, independent, to criticize. It is anything but gallant for you to think that nature has been too fortuitous toward her, and that she occupies too much horizontal space. But one might be pardoned for wondering that so fat a person should take interest in reading. She is not deeply interested, it is true. Between sentences she steals glances at her neighbor, a young man whose attention Eliot engages for the present. The hours go too quickly, but it has been improved. You are richer than you were, and Syracuse is not poorer. Instead of that I have come to remind them once more of him whom they so dearly loved.

Two Sundays ago it was my privilege to preach in an old-fashioned church on Plymouth Hill, Ct., where for fourteen years my revered father delivered his message of "Christ and the Church" to large and influential congregation.

Now, great changes have taken place. Many have moved to other homes, many have gone to their rest; but still some were there who sat under my father's preaching, and who came forward to grasp my hand and tell me how glad they were that I had come to remind them once more of him whom they so dearly loved.

I can tell you, sir, I felt very small standing there in my father's place, and was assured, I prayed (like Elisha of old) that a double portion of his spirit might abide with his pastor.

He was firm and unflinching in the discharge of his duty; energetic and indignant against all appearance of chicanery or fraud. Himself honest, he could endure no deception in another.

In his death his family have lost a kind and tender husband, a loving and indulgent father, and the entire county one of its most prominent, faithful and honored citizens whose history is inseparably connected with every prominent event in the history of Oswego County during the last quarter of a century, and whose memory will be cherished and respected over a larger extent, and by a greater proportion of the population of this county, than that of any who survive him.

He retained all his faculties of mind until the last, talked freely of his approaching death, expressed his readiness to depart and his abiding faith in Christ as his hope of salvation.

We trust his spirit is now at rest in peace with his Heavenly Father. May we invite his virtues, and may we as peacefully pass into eternity.

His funeral took place at his late residence yesterday (Wednesday), and was very largely attended not only by citizens of New Haven, but by numbers from Mexico, Oswego and other places.

Rev. Jas. P. Stratton, of this village,

delivered a very appropriate and impressive discourse, in which he analyzed the character of the deceased, paid a beautiful yet truthful tribute to his many noble qualities, and gave sweet words of sympathy and consolation to the stricken ones.

After which the remains were taken to the New Haven cemetery.

Before interment, large numbers gathered around the coffin to take one more look at him whom they had so greatly esteemed and loved, many a check was wet with tears, and all felt that they had lost a kind neighbor and a true friend.

The congregation seems to be composed of an educated class of people, and among them are some of the most prominent citizens of Freehold. In consequence, I expect and hope to find there a pleasant home.

The Parsonage stands in the churchyard, and is quite a good deal of adjacent property is owned by the church.

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DEAF-MUTES' JOURNAL,

Devoted to the Interests of the Deaf-Mutes
of the State of New York.

TERMS :

One copy per annum—Advance, \$1.20
and in advance six months, \$2.40; Club of 10,
\$1.00; in advance copies, Five Cents.

No notice will be taken of anonymous communications. All communications must be accompanied with the name and address of the writer, and no notice of publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Correspondents are alone responsible for views and opinions expressed in communications.

Subscriptions and all business letters to be directed to T. C. RIDER, Editor, Mexico, Oswego Co., N. Y.

Contributions and Editorial Correspondence to be sent at the option of the writer, either to the above, or to E. L. SELLINAY, Associate Editor, Mexico, the Deaf and Dumb, Station, New York City.

Persons whose subscriptions have expired will be notified of the same by an X opposite their names at the top of the paper.

Gossiping.

Concerning an article which appeared in these columns some time since on the subject of gossiping, its author, "Nosidla," writes us as follows: "I do not consider the subject wholly confined to deaf-mutes, for I am well aware that there are many guilty ones among speaking people; yet there are more guilty ones among deaf-mutes than can be found among an equal number of speaking people." Possibly there are, but it is not at all probable. Gossiping is a sin, more or less universal, and it is one of those conveniently unconscious sins that no one knows how far he is drifting till he suddenly finds himself in the vortex, and when he gets out, he seldom, if ever, gains wisdom from the teachings of experience. It is a sort of human nature that is *invariably* in a deaf-mute as it is in any body else, but not more so. Such shortcomings as these are things not to be remedied by appeals to the public press, for if we were disposed to draw too fine a point, we should say that "Nosidla's" communication is very gossipy in itself. The author claims to be intimately acquainted with large numbers of deaf-mutes, and if a sincere desire to remedy evil discovered really underlies the article in question, the best way will be to exercise the author's personal precept and example among them; Believing as we do that gossiping is universal, it does not surprise us that one of our correspondents felt indignant at the imputation thrown on a class to which he belongs, and to have that class considered a sort of particular and separate example of evil, nor are we astonished that he made a speedy and sound refection. Before taking leave of the subject we will put a charitable interpretation upon the communication of "Nosidla" and believe that his quarrel is with the mischief at large rather than any particular instance of it.

The Death of Miss Minnie Louise Turner.

It will surprise and grieve those of our readers who graduated from the New York Institution within the past year, to know that this dear little child and sweet schoolmate is alive no more. She died at the Institution on Saturday, January 31st, at half-past four o'clock in the afternoon. On the next day, Sunday, the Principal, Dr. Peet, preached a beautiful funeral sermon from the text, "Remember now thy Creator in the days of thy youth." From the closing lines of the sermon we make the following extract:

"This subject is touchingly illustrated in the death, at 4½ o'clock yesterday afternoon, of little Minnie Louise Turner, aged seven years, seven months and fifteen days. Born in the city of Brooklyn on the 5th of June, 1866, this child of silence was six years and two and a half months old when she was admitted to the Institution on the 6th of September, 1872. She was a remarkably bright and intelligent child, and at the examination in June last surprised the directors by her wonderful ability to write simple sentences in correct English, notwithstanding the short time since she had entered the Institution in utter ignorance of language written or spoken. She had a very affectionate disposition, and won the affection of all who knew her. She understood the great truth that Christ loves us all, and that we are to love and trust in him."

"I believe she did this in simple faith. When I visited her yesterday morning, the nurse was carrying her in her arms, as her father had been doing all the night. She insisted on coming to me at once and having me carry her. I took her in my arms, and after carrying her a little while, returned her to her nurse and told her how Jesus loved her and would take care of her. She seemed much pleased, and I bid her good-by, never again to see her alive on earth. Jesus, who said, 'Suffer little children to come unto me, and forbid them not, for such is the kingdom of heaven,' has since taken her into his arms to bless and keep her for all eternity. Oh! how happy she is now, and how happy will Jesus be, like her, give your hearts

To the Editors of the JOURNAL.—A person in a western state has recently informed me, as Secretary of the National Clerical Memorial Union, with an anonymous letter containing what the writer thinks had better be done with the money raised for the memorial. I sympathize with the writer's charitable feelings towards the poor; but I cannot think that I have any right to give them what was contributed expressly for another purpose; nor have I any power to do so. The whole matter was settled months ago. It may have been a "refief to the writer's mind" to put his thoughts on paper. But for all the good it could do, he might as well have directed the letter to the Man in the Moon or thrown it into the fire. Certainly I do not want to receive any more letters on business long ago settled, written in very pale ink, in a very small hand, and signed only with initials. Perhaps the writer is only just out of school, and does not know that anonymous letters are generally considered mean and cowardly, and beneath notice. I do not apply these terms to the letter in question; for the writer evidently has more kindness of heart than discretion; but to write it now and send it to me, was useless and foolish. H. W. S.

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Notes of Travel of a Mute Artist.

A PARROT.

DEAR RIDER.—Recollecting my promise made long ago to you, that I would occasionally write articles for your excel-

lent paper, I shall now send you two of my notes.

In the morning of the 5th of June, the date of my arrival at Mr. B.—'s house in Utica, N. Y., it was stormy and chilly without, but cheerful within, as our gas was aglow with blazing coal; I sat reading the newspapers of the day, and then conversing with my kind hostess. While thus pleasantly employed, her eldest daughter came in with a superb parrot perching on her right shoulder. The bird graciously regarded me first with his right eye and then with his left, and, presuming that I was a friend of the family, greeted me with a friendly how-do-you. I learned he was in the habit of inquiring after the health of all strangers introduced to him. I requested the lady to answer him that I was well, and I hoped he was the same.

Through his intelligence and politeness pleased me, I recollect he was a parrot and nothing else—a bird that could remember and repeat verbal sounds taught him, but couldn't express his own ideas in language. The above inquiry after one's health is commonly spoken by parrots. It is true that cases of uncommon intelligence displayed by parrots have been brought to us, but they are rare exceptions to the rule.

Well, on the following morning, as I sat down to breakfast, my new feathered friend, occupying his cage, which had just been brought into the dining room, engaged me with a quizzical air, and long continued his gaze, while his expression seemed to indicate something uncommon at work in his brain. At length he suddenly screamed aloud to me—Parlez-vous!

When I learned I had joined the family at the table in the laugh at my own expense. The lady remarked it was evident that the parrot, surprised at not answering with my own tongue his question concerning my health, wished to know if I could speak. During my long sojourn at the same house, he very seldom spoke to me, and always recited my overtures of friendship.

There's a question which I would like to propose for debate at the Fanwood and other Literary Associations :

"Did that parrot really think I was deaf?"

A DIAMOND RING.

One Sunday, in the sitting room we were reading and talking about various topics. In the course of our conversation the subject of presentation was introduced, and my hostess asked if I believed in presents. I answered that in my experience some presentations had proved singularly correct. She then said that there was a peculiar history connected with a diamond ring owned by Mrs. F.—, of S.—. The ring—a "solitaire" of rare brilliancy and size, plainly set—was presented to her by a gentleman at Aiken, S. C., whither she had gone for her health, she being then a consumptive, and she wore it until her death, which occurred two years after the receipt of the ring. Just before she died she requested her nurse to put it upon her eldest daughter's finger, and tell her always to wear her deceased mother's ring. The young lady wore it, and in two years grew sick and died. It happened about six months previous to her death that my hostess was with her. They had many long talks about separation, presentation, and the like. The young lady made my friend promise to place the same ring upon her young sister S.—'s finger. When my friend attempted to carry out the deceased young lady's wishes, poor S.— nearly went into convulsions, declaring that she would never wear it; that if she did she should surely die. So my friend wore the fatal ring herself several months, and handed it to S.—, who was persuaded to wear it. Soon with the glistering stone still on her finger, she was married, went immediately into decline, and died but two years. She was always a gay, rollicking girl, and a short time before she died said, jokingly, to her sister A.— "A—, you'll have to come next!" The ring fell to A.—, who in turn had the same presentiment, which, in turn, was confirmed when she grew sick and died two years after her. Mrs. S.—, of N.—, spent some time with her dying sister. A.—'s last words to her were: "Mary, I give you mother's ring." So strongly was Mrs. S.— impressed with the idea that she too, would in two years follow her sister that the dreaded ring was never removed from A.—'s finger, but buried with her.

A.— has been dead nine years, and Mrs. S.— is still in the land of the living, moving in the best society, to which she is evidently an ornament.

It would be proper to remind my hearers that my informant is a sincere Christian lady, and a woman of superior intelligence.

JOHN CARLIN.

A Quaker Wedding of Deaf-Mutes.

On Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 21st, 1874, at one o'clock, notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, a wedding party of about one hundred assembled at the residence of William P. Willets, Esq., an honored farmer of Roslyn, Long Island, N. Y., to witness the marriage between Gilbert Hicks of Old Westbury, N. Y., and Amelia Willets, daughter of the host. The house was filled to the utmost with the happy throng, many of whom were hearing and speaking persons; among the latter was Dr. Isaac Lewis Peet, Principal of the New York Institution for Deaf and Dumb. At the appointed hour the bridegroom, attended by a single male friend, and the bride, quietly walked into the handsome parlor, and taking their places together, and facing the bright and happy-countenanced audience, the groom, in accordance with the custom of the Friends, spelled with fingers the following declaration: "I, Gilbert Hicks, in the presence of these witnesses, take thee, Amelia Willets, to be my wedded wife, and promise, with the Divine assistance, to be a faithful and loving husband till we are separated by death." And then the bride in a similar manner also declared as follows: "And I, Amelia Willets, take thee, Gilbert Hicks, for my wedded husband, and promise, with God's assistance, to be a true, faithful and loving wife till we are separated by death." Dr. Peet then intimated it for the benefit of the hearing guests. Then the father of the groom offered a short but most beautiful and appropriate prayer.

During this unique and simple ceremony, the silence was impressive. At the conclusion Dr. Peet took the matrimonial certificate and read it to the audience. Then the bridegroom and bride signed their full names on the document.

We often wonder at the ways some

people manage to keep body and soul together, and we are frequently surprised to find plants growing in unexpected and altogether impossible places, and as a case in point, we have something to tell about.

Sawdust as a Fertilizer.

They received from their friends the most warm and cordial congratulations. The bride was tastefully dressed in a steel-colored silk trimmed with black, real thread lace, and with a beautiful white rose on the side of her head and another on her breast. She wore white kid gloves. The bridegroom was in black suit and white kid gloves.

The witnesses afterwards signed their names also on the certificate. The guests then partook of an elegant and bountiful dinner. The bride and bridegroom occupied one small table together, with a well-dressed black waiter attending them. The dinner was a "temperance" one. Indeed, they enjoyed the festival splendidly.

At the conclusion of the dinner Mr. and Mrs. Hicks, the newly-made husband and wife, left at once for New York.

Hundreds of hearts and hands united in wishing the happy couple a continuation of prosperity and enjoyment through life.

ONE OF THE GUESTS.

Our Reporters.

Reader, did it ever occur to you that the occupation of a reporter is anything but a pleasant one? You doubtless have thought it is easy enough, for all one has to do is to keep one's eyes open and make a note of all that comes under his observation, and then sit down and arrange them so as to make a readable article. Of course the reporters are expected to tell the truth at all times and under all circumstances. This is absolutely necessary, for if they should wilfully depart from the truth and tell deliberate lies, it would give rise to just indignation on the part of the community. But there are cases in which the reporters find their subjects nothing but "dry bones," which it would be hard to make a respectsable track down the hill, but the stuff wouldn't stick, and the girls would throw it in our eyes, and between them we came to grief, and had to join in the sport and make the hill lively. We noticed the small number of sleds out, and inquiring the cause, were woefully told that a great many had been injured by excessive use and unlucky collisions during the splendid spell of coasting in the early part of the new year, and were laid up for repairs. They will be out for long, though.

KOUPONET.

New York, Feb. 5, 1874.

The Rescue.

The night is dark, the clouds are black, The wind is whistling shrill— And many a room, through every crack, The flame and smoke do fill.

The firebells ring, the firemen wake, The trumpets sound the call— And with a rush, and many a shake, The engines near the wall.

The hose is thrown, the water runs, The steamer begins to play, The flames shoot out, without the sun They light the scene like day.

See from the crowd a form rush, By the form of a deaf-mute brave— He gains the door—they hear a cry, He mounts the steps to save.

Come below of cheer a score, It is the hero that charms— Look! he appears—there at the door, His face is black, his clothes are torn,

His hair is singed close— Then from the crowd, of honor born, Another cheer arose.

What need to tell the mother's joy, Or how she thanked the deaf-mute boy?

What need to tell the loud acclaim, The daring act the crowd proclaim?

KOUPONET.

New York, February 18, 1874.

Wisconsin Notes.

DELAVAN, WIS., Feb. 5th, 1874.

M. H. C. RIDER:—DEAR SIR:—

Your paper comes very regularly; I wish it was an entire journal of deaf-mute news, &c.

We are getting along as well as usual.

There are 150 pupils in the Wisconsin Institute, which is twenty-one and a half years old.

Rev. L. Eddy, who has been a teacher about fifteen years, in going to leave us to go to the West Virginia Institute for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind, as principal. He is one of the best sign-makers in this country.

You said I was in the corner with a young lady, and that we were cooing at each other. Can't you tell the difference between a conversation and flirting?

"I suppose I can; but my dear sir, did it ever occur to you that nobody who reads your paper is in the habit of cooing at each other?"

I was really in earnest when I spoke of a couple in a corner as flirting with each other. Really if you are so sensitive and cannot take a little joke, you certainly have no right to consider yourself insulted?

Such sensitive people might preface a doctor's certificates to their extreme sensitiveness, and then the reporters when it is exhibited to them, will give them the widest of a wide berth, and leave them to converse, chat, or flirt with each other to their heart's content.

And again it sometimes happens that the reporter inquires a person, and when it comes out in print that particular person is ready to faint outright at seeing his or her name in print for the first time perhaps in the course of their lives. Sometimes a lady will give the reporter the cold shoulder for several weeks afterwards for not saying she was the most beautiful and accomplished lady in the party, and that she did not paint her face either. The reporter thinks he has learned a lesson, and the very next time he is asked to report a party at another place, he is careful to mention a certain young lady as being the loveliest, the sweetest, &c., &c., of all present, and the very next day he is threatened with a horsewhipping. The reporter can only console himself with the truth of the motto "that what might be one man's medicine is another man's poison," or when he attempts to please everybody he succeeds in pleasing nobody.

HON. JACKDAW.

Now York Notes.

MY DEAR RIDER:—Since my last we have gone through our usual vicissitudes of weather, but not as heretofore, have we come out unharmed. "Old Probabilities," or the atmosphere, or both have been too much for us, and so quite a number of us complain of sore throats, others of colds in the head, a mild attack of the epizootic, twinges of rheumatism, while a great many more don't feel very well themselves. To take a peep on the bright side, Spring, let us hope, is not far off.

We have lately had a cold snap. Jack Frost has got hold of us, for a wonder, don't seem inclined to let go. The Hudson, at this point, is covered with vast cakes of floating ice, and farther up it is frozen from shore to shore.

SLATING.

Is excellent. Our little pond at the foot of the hill and penned in by the track of the Hudson River Railroad is frozen fast and hard. So every afternoon and at odd times during the day, it is a scene of joyous sport. Several of the pupils are splendid skaters and can execute some amazing feats. Now and then some small boy will bring down his sled, and coax some big friend on skates to draw him about for a while. If the pond was a little larger, it is quite probable that a large number of us would get up a base ball match as a recommendation.

THOMAS GALLAUDET.

Restor St. Ann's Church for Deaf-Mutes.

Mr. Brister supporting the document to be fraudulent had Scannell arrested, and the Rev. Mr. Gallaudet appeared at Court yesterday morning and testified that the letter purporting to have been written by him was a forgery. The prisoner in his formal examination said that he was not guilty, that the letter was given to him by a "hearing and speaking man" whose name he did not know. Scannell was held in \$1,000 bail for trial.—N. Y. World.

THE UNIFORM.

During this unique and simple ceremony, the silence was impressive. At the conclusion Dr. Peet took the matrimonial certificate and read it to the audience. Then the bridegroom and bride signed their full names on the document.

The FAIRWOOD LITERARY ASSOCIATION.

Mr. Fort Lewis Seliney delivered a lecture before this Association, on Saturday evening, Jan. 25th, Subject, Grandad—The Alhambra—The Abencerrage.

The Library and periodical list of the Association is soon to be replenished.

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